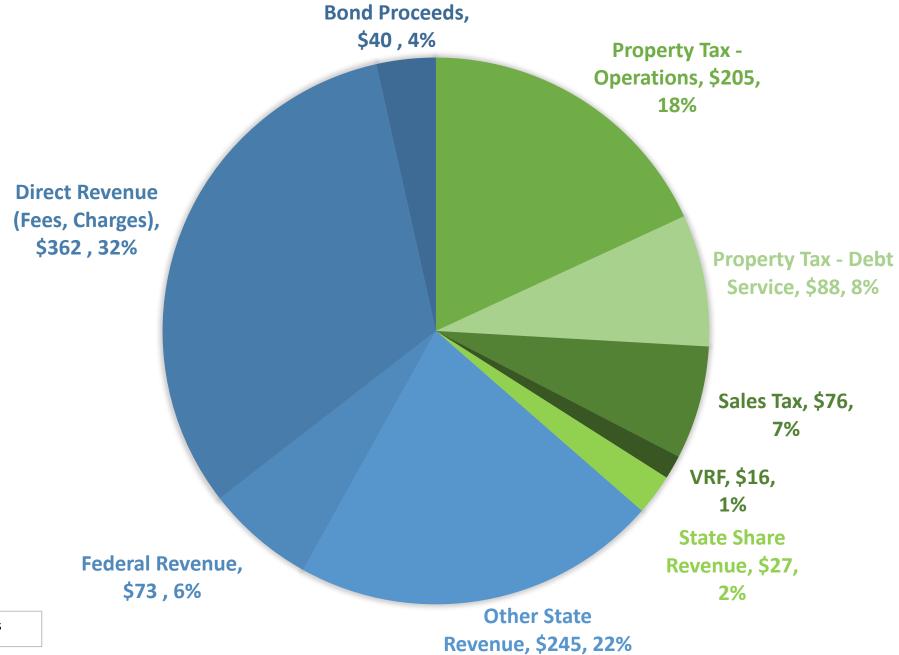


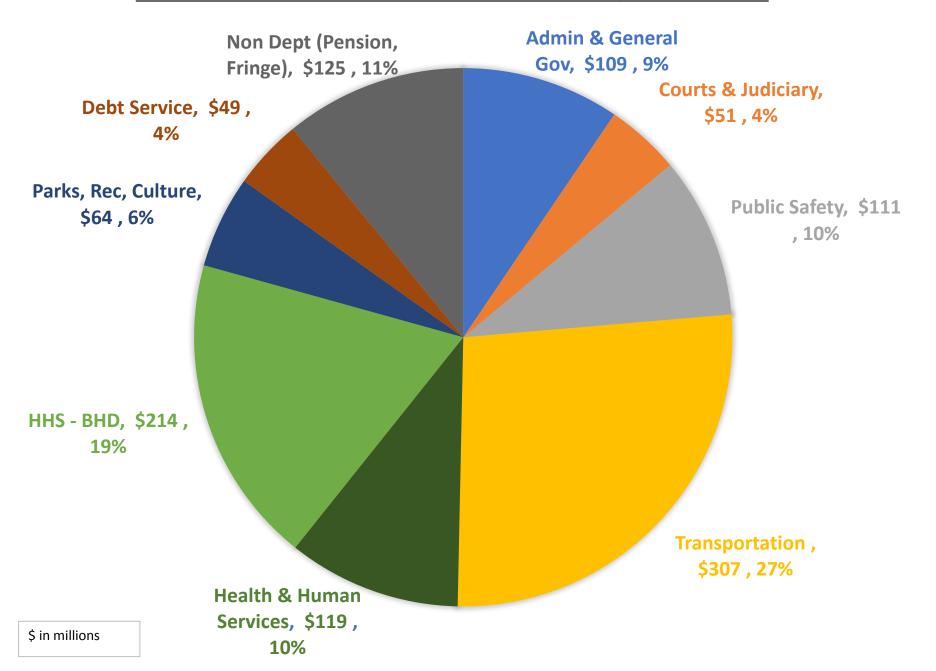
Milwaukee County 2019 Budget Planning

CURRENT COUNTY REVENUES: \$1.15 BILLION





CURRENT MILWAUKEE COUNTY EXPENSES: \$1.15 BILLION





History of Milwaukee County Projected Budget Gaps





Forecast for 2019: Revenues expected to be flat

- The bulk of our revenue comes from the State and Federal Governments and is expected to be flat
 - State Shared Revenue
 - Mass Transportation Operating Assistance
 - Community Aids Funding
- For local revenues collected by Milwaukee County
 - Property taxes can only rise by amount of new construction in the County, or \$2.9 million for 2019
 - County share of sales taxes, limited to 0.5%, are expected to rise by \$2 million
 - The County Vehicle Registration Fee expected to collect only \$700K more
 - Offsetting these increases, we expect less revenue from debt service reserve and from parking fees in 2019 compared to the 2018 budget
- Net impact: \$1.9 million growth in revenue, or 0.2 percent



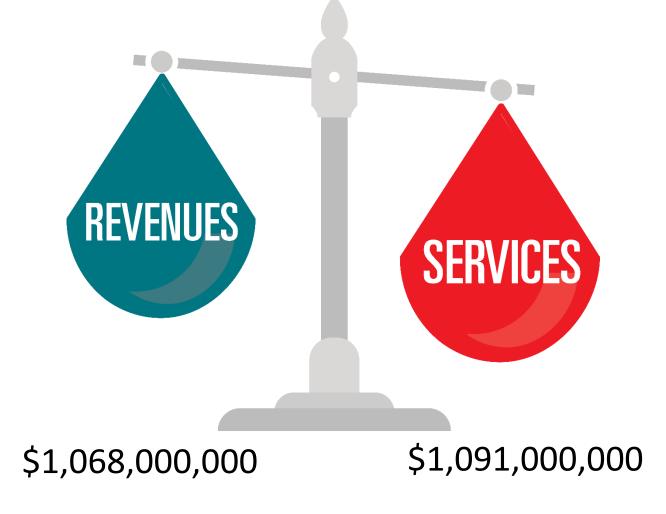
Forecast for 2019: Expenses going up 2.4 percent



- Energy
- Commodities, utilities, contracts, etc.
- But some County expenses growing faster than overall inflation
 - Healthcare expected to rise by 7.5 percent
 - Pension expenses expected to be flat in 2019 as a result of high investment returns, but remain major cost driver, up 5% and 16% growth over past two years
- As a result, County expenses expected to rise by 2.4 percent, or \$25.4 million



2019 OPERATING GAP: \$23.5 million



Now What?

Raise Revenues?

Not a lot of options...



MONEY FROM PROPERTY VEHICLE **SALES TAXES REGISTRATION FEE** THE STATE TAXES Can't increase without State aid to counties has Only by the amount of net Have not reached the stayed flat since 2012, but state law changes new construction/net new maximum we can we are talking to the State borrowing in Milwaukee collect by law about shifting the balance County (\$2.9 million)

Manage Expenses?

We're working on it...

NEW WAYS TO DELIVER SERVICES

Example: Shifting behavioral health services to community-based facilities

WORKING SMARTER

Example: New Enterprises Resource System would create major efficiencies in financial/human resources management

CONSOLIDATING APPROACHES

Example: Moving five work order systems to one

MANAGING OVERHEAD

Example: Energy spending down \$4.4 million in four years



How Do We Respond?

Gap would be much higher if we hadn't taken action



Reduce Footprint by 1.6 Million sq. Feet Restructure Other Post Employee Benefits (OPEB) Restructure Worker's Comp

Deferring Maintenance since 2000 Salary Step Freezes from 2010 - 2018 Staff reduction of 1,457 since 2000 (excluding DHHS)

Employee Health & Pension Contribution VRF Revenue

\$9.1 Million \$40.4Million \$ 3 Million

Sub Total \$52.5 Million

\$34.7 Million \$55.4 Million \$116.5 Million

Sub Total \$206.6 Million

\$20.9 Million \$16.7 Million

Sub Total \$37.6 Million

Total 2018 Annual Savings from previous changes: \$298 Million ... but there is still a gap

State funding mix is part of the solution

Finding fair solutions for state funding



\$2.1 billion in 2008 < \$2.5 billion in 2015

... But State revenues to Milwaukee County are essentially flat

We're looking for ways to work with the State of Wisconsin to restore the balance and ensure adequate funding for services



Closing the Budget Gap

How do we choose?



SUSTAINABLE

Operating in a fiscally responsible manner for the future

FAIR

Meeting our obligations and offering fair compensation

A MODEL GOVERNMENT

Offering high-quality services to strengthen our people and our community

For more information about the Milwaukee County budget, visit:

http://county.milwaukee.gov/PSB



